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PATENT SPECIFICATION

NO DRAWINGS



828,880

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COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

2-Amino-1-(3,4-Methylenedioxyphenyl)-Propane Isomers and an Ataractic preparation containing 2-Amino-1-(3,4-Methylenedioxyphenyl)-Propane

We, SMITH KLINE & FRENCH LABORATORIES, a Corporation organized under the
Laws of the State of Delaware, one of the
United States of America, of 1530, Spring
Garden Street, City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States of America, do hereby
declare the invention, for which we pray
that a patent may be granted to us, and the
method by which it is to be performed, to
be particularly described in and by the following statement:—

This invention relates to novel isomers of 2-amino-1-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenol)-propane, and to a medicinal preparation hav-

15 ing ataractic activity.

Prior to the present invention the important advances in the treatment of mentally deranged have largely been in the excited group of patients through the use of central nerwous system depressant compounds commonly referred to as tranquilizers. A large proportion of the population of mental hospitals, however, consists of depressed patients whose conditions generally are either not responsive to tranquilizers or aggravated by the use of these drugs. The need of a safe, effective composition for use in this area has been great.

The preparation in accordance with this invention contains 2-amino-1-(3,4-methylene-dioxyphenyl)-propane and is very useful in treating various depressive states of psychotic patients due to having an unusual differential in its acitivity. It, surprisingly for a central nervous stimulant, provides a strong conditioned response block in animals. In the treatment of severely depressed psychotics, it induces ataraxia without any substantial amount of the sympathomimetic action found in closely related compounds such as amphetamine. This preparation has a low incidence of side effects in a dosage range where preparations containing closely related

compounds such as 2-amino-1-phenylpropanes produce severe side effects such as jitteriness, excessive stimulation or increased tension

More specifically, the preparation of this invention is in a dosage unit form and comprises from about 15 mg. to about 150 mg., and preferably from about 25 mg. to about 100 mg., of 2-amino-1-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)-propane or a non-toxic acid solution salt thereof and a pharmaceutical carrier.

The d- or l-isomer of 2-amino-1-(3,4-55 methylenedioxyphenyl)-propane or a non-toxic salt thereof can be substituted advantageously for the racemic mixture. Where the term 2-amino-1-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)-propane is employed without any indication as to the d-, l- or racemic form, it is intended herein and in the claims to cover the individual d- and l-isomers as well as mixtures thereof.

The *l*-isomer is advantageous since it also is an effective anorexic agent and, hence, its employment is advantageous where it is desired to curb the appetite,

The active d-isomer is prepared by dissolving the racemic hydrochloride salt in water, neutralizing with an inorganic base, for example, sodium hydroxide, and extracting into an organic solvent such as ether or benzene. d-Tartaric acid is added to separate the d-tartrate salt. Recrystallization from alcohol such as isopropanol or aqueous isopropanol gives the pure d-isomer as the d-tartrate with an optical rotation of 29.4° The d-base in hexane has (2% in water). a rotation of 24.6° (1%). If desired, the hydrochloride salt may be regenerated from the active base by treating an ether or hexane solution with anhydrous hydrogen chlor-The *l*-base is similarly prepared. ide gas.

Preferably the hydrochloric sait of the 2 - amino - 1 - (3.4 - methylenedioxyphenyl) -

[Pr

80 ·

	propane is used, however, either the base	ture after seeding. A thick precipitate
	itself or a non-toxic pharmaceutically accept-	separates. After filtration, the solid tartrate is recrystallized several times from isopro-
	able acid addition salt of the base may be used, such as the salt derived from sulfuric,	canol to white crystals of d-2-amino-1-(3,4-
5	nitric, phosphoric, citric, acetic, lactic, sali-	methylenedioxyphenyl)-propane d-tartrate,
	cylic, tartaric, ethanedisulfonic, sulfamic.	m.p. $145-146^{\circ}$ C., $[a]^{2s}$ and 29.44° (1% H ₂ O). The free d-base is regenerated and
	acetylsalicylic, succinic, fumaric, maleic, hydrobromic, or benzoic acid. The salts are	taken into hexane, $[\alpha]^{25} + 24.6^{\circ}$. The free
	conveniently prepared by reacting the free	d-base is reconverted to the hydrochloride
10	base with either a stoichiometric amount or	salt with gaseous hydrogen chloride, m.p. 185 —187° C.
	an excess of the desired acid in a suitable solvent such as ethanol, ether, ethyl acetate,	The mother filtrate is evaporated to give 22
	acetone, water or various combinations of	g of the 1-2-amino-1-(3,4-methylenedioxy-
	solvents.	phenyl)-propane d-tartrate, m.p. 125—130° C. After converting a portion to the base
15	The lower part of the dasage range of the 2 - amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylenedioxyphenyl) -	in hexane, the specific rotation of this sample
	propage of from about 15 mg. to about 25	is -11.5° C. The remainder of the tartrate
	mg is aimed at child medication and at	is recrystallized from aqueous ethanol to pure white crystals of <i>l</i> -base <i>d</i> -tartrate, m.p. 129—
20	parenteral preparations. For oral use with a solid carrier the preparation for adults would	13?° C., [z] ²⁵ −28.5° (1% H ₂ O).
	advantageously contain from about 25 mg.	
	to about 75 mg. of the active propane com-	EXAMPLE 2 dl - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylene -
	pound. If a sustained release (i.e. having a release over a period of about 12 hours) is	dioxyphenyl)-propane
25	used, the above dosage ranges can be tripled.	Hydrochloride - 25 mg.
	The pharmaceutical carrier may be, for example, either a solid or a liquid. Exemp-	Hydrochloride - 25 mg. Lactose 230 mg. Starch 45 mg.
	lary of solid carriers are talc, corn starch,	The above ingredients were thoroughly
30	lactose, ethylcellulose, magnesium stearate,	mixed, granulated using a 10% gelatin solu- tion and compressed into tablets using an
3 0	agar, pectin, stearic acid, gelatin and acacia. Exemplany of liquid carriers are water, pea-	admixture of tale-stearic acid as a lubricant.
	nut oil, olive oil and sesame oil. Solid	Erritory 2
	A wide variety of pharmaceutical forms	EXAMPLE 3 dl - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylene -
35	can be employed. Thus, if a solid carrier	dioxyphenyl)-propane
	is used, the preparation can be tabletted or	Maleate 75 mg. Lactose 225 mg.
	placed in a hard gelatin capsule. If a liquid carrier is used, the preparation may be in the	The above ingredients were thoroughly
	form of a soft gelatin capsule or placed in an	mixed, granulated using a 50% sucrose solu-
40	ampule. The amount of carrier will vary widely but preferably will be from about 25	tion and compressed into tablets using an admixture of 7% starch and 1% magnesium
	mg. to about 1 gm.	stearate based on tablet weight.
	The preparation of this invention may be	Example 4
45	administered internally in an amount to produce ataraxia in depressed psychotic patients.	d - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylene -
_	The administration may be orally or parenter-	dioxyphenyl)-propane
	ally preferably employing the above described	Hydrochloride – 50 mg. Lactose – 150 mg. Starch – – 50 mg.
	preparation. In this method it is preferred to administer from about 60 mg. to about	Starch 50 mg.
50	350 mg, and advantageously about 75 mg, to	The above ingredients were thoroughly
	about 320 mg. of 2-amino-1-(3,4-methylene-dioxyphenyl)-propane or a salt thereof daily.	mixed, granulated using a 10% gelatin solution and compressed into scored tablets.
	preferably administering equal doses three	
	or four times daily. In the treatment or	Example 5
55	children somewhat lower dosages are used depending largely on the age and weight of	dl - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylene -
	the child. Such doses may be individually	dioxyphenyl)-propane
	determined by the physician but will ordin-	Hydrochloride - 300.00 gm. Lactose
	arily be about half the adult dosage.	(200 mesh) - 2820.00 gm.
60	Example 1	Magnesium stearate 60.00 gm.
	A solution of 35.8 g. (0.2 mole) of 2-amino- 1-(3.4-methylenedioxyphenyl)-propane and 30	stearate 60.00 gm. The powders are mixed, screened and filled
	g. of d-tartaric acid in 600 ml. of 75% 180-	into No. 2 hard gelatin capsules (12,000 cap-
	propanol is allowed to stand at room tempera-	sules at 25 mg).

•	l - 2 - Amino 1 - (3,4 - methylene	EXAMPLE 10 - dl - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylene -	50
5	dioxyphenyl)-propane Sulfate - 75 mg. Peanut oil - 225 mg.	dioxyphenyl)-propane Hydrochloride - 2.0 w/v	- 50
_	THE HIGHERIES ATE MITTER to a thick almost		
	and filled into a soft gelatin capsule.	U.S.P., q.s. ad 100 %	55
	EXAMPLE 7. dl - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylene -	The solid ingredients are dissolved in part of the water and made to 100% volume. The	
10	dioxyphenyl)-bropane	filter and filled into approve The	
	Hydrochloride - 100 mg. Hydrogenated castor	"Selas" is a registered Trade Mark. WHAT WE CLAIM IS:—	60
٦	The chemical is imbedded in the hydro-	1. A pharmaceutical preparation having	
15	ing in the chemical and solidifying. After	prising a pharmaceutical carrier and a 2	
	comminuting and screening through a Number 10 screen, the powder is granulated with	amino 1 - (3,4 - methylenedioxyphenyl) - propane or its non-toxic acid addition salts.	65
20	a small amount of starch to produce sustained release granules.	which the dosage unit form is a carryle	
	dl - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3.4 - methylene -	which the dosage unit form is a tablet	70
	dioxyphenyl)-propane Hydrochloride - 50 mg.	4. The preparation claimed in any of Claims 1 to 3 in which the 2-amino-1-(3.4-methylene	,,
25	Talc 15 mg.	dioxyphenyl)-propane is in the racemic form. 5. The preparation claimed in any of Claims	
	granulated with a gelatin solution dried	1 to 3 in which the 2-amino-1-(3,4-methylene-dioxyphenyl)-propane is in the dextro isomer.	75
20	flat faced tablets. The sustained release	6. The preparation claimed in any of Claims 1 to 3 in which the 2-amino-1-(3,4-	
30	granules are added to the die and compressed onto the previously formed tablets.	methylenedioxyphenyl)-propane is the levo isomer.	
	Example 8	7. The preparation claimed in any of the	80
	d - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylene - dioxyphenyl)-propane	preceding claims in which the 2-amino-1-(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)-propane or its non-	
35	Hydrochloride - 15 mg. Lactose 245 mg.	amount of from about 15 mg to about 150 mg	85
	Magnesium stearate 5 mg	Claims 1 to 6 in which the 2-smino-1-/3 4	
	The powders are mixed, screened and filled into a Number 2 hard gelatin capsule.	toxic acid addition salts are present in an	
1 0	Thereses	mg. amount of from about 25 mg. to about 100 mg.	90
20	EXAMPLE 9 dl - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylene -	9. d - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylene - dioxyphenyl) - propane or its non-toxic acid	
	Hydrochloride - 30 mg	actition saits.	^~
5	Starch - 225 mg.	10. l - 2 - Amino - 1 - (3,4 - methylene - dioxyphenyl)-propane or its non-toxic acid addition salts.	כע
	The ingredients are mixed oranglated and	HASELTINE LAKE & CO	
	compressed into a scored tablet which may be broken for divided doses if desired.	28, Southampton Buildings, London, W.C.2, Agents for the Applicants	

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